

Update on the CanEx-SM10 field campaign

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Introduction

- **Canadian Experiment for Soil Moisture in 2010 (CanEx-SM10)**

Saskatchewan

May 31st - June 16th, 2010

Joint efforts of Canadian

and U.S. researchers

Introduction

Financial partners:

Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada- Strategic Program Grant (NSERC-SPG)

Environment Canada (EC)

Canadian Space Agency (CSA)

Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (AAFC)

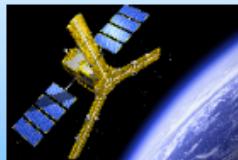
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)

Objectives

- Contribute to the **cal/val activities of SMOS data** and the **pre-launch assessment of the proposed SMAP data.**
 - Analysis of L-Band microwave data with field measurements
 - Development of soil moisture retrieval algorithms from passive and active microwave data
 - Scaling methodologies for SMOS coarse resolution data
 - Assimilation of SMOS data in land surface systems to improve land surface initial conditions

Overview of CanEx-SM10

Canadian Experiment for Soil Moisture in 2010 (CanEx-SM10)



HOME

SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

INVESTIGATORS

LINKS

EXPERIMENTAL PLAN

STUDY SITES

DATA ACQUISITION

PARTICIPANTS

PICTURES

INTRANET

WEATHER FORECASTS

Overview

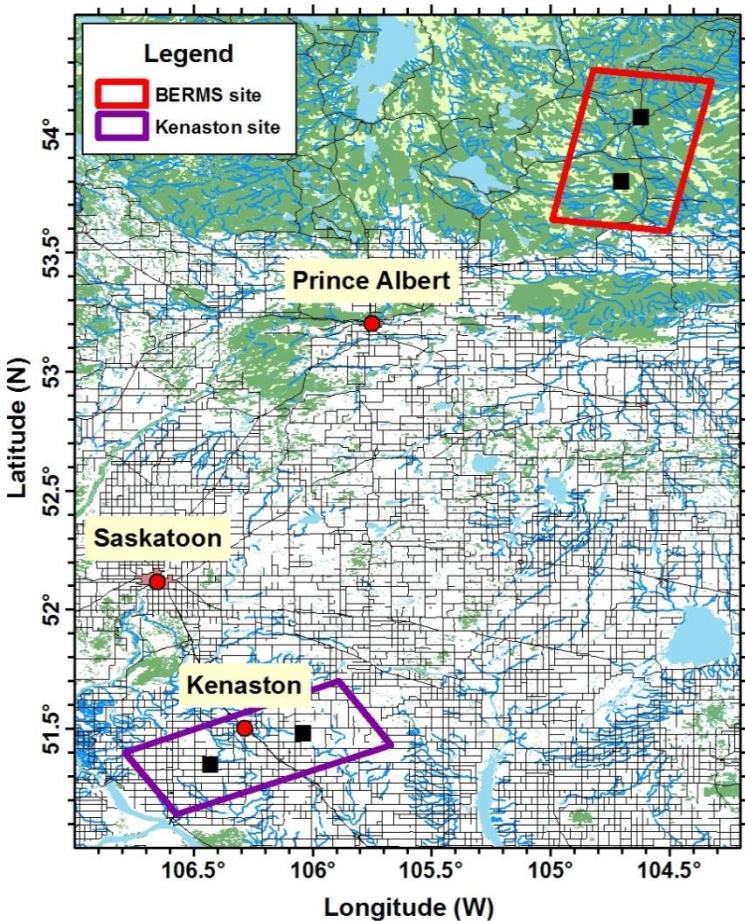
The Canadian Experiment for Soil Moisture in 2010 (CanEx-SM10) is primarily designed to support the ESA's Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity (SMOS) validation activities over Land and to develop soil moisture retrieval algorithms in Canada. Due to Canada's involvement in the Soil Moisture Active and Passive (SMAP) mission of NASA, scheduled for launch in 2014, CanEx-SM10 is extended to include the pre-launch validation of SMAP.

During CanEx-SM10, scheduled from May 31st to June 17th, 2010, spaceborne microwave measurements from SMOS, AMSR-E, ASAR-Envisat, RADARSAT-2, and ALOS-PALSAR will be collected along with airborne measurements using passive and active instruments including an L-band radiometer mounted onboard Environment Canada's Twin Otter aircraft and NASA's L-band Uninhabited Aerial Vehicle Synthetic Aperture Radar (UAVSAR) flown in a Gulfstream III piloted aircraft. In addition, the experiment will provide ground measurements of soil moisture, surface temperature, and others surface characteristics (vegetation, roughness, soil density, etc.) at a time close to satellite and airborne acquisitions.

Over 50 researchers and students will participate to the field campaigns that will take place over an agricultural site located in Kenaston (Saskatoon, Saskatchewan) and a forested site, which is the Boreal Ecosystem Research and Monitoring Sites (BERMS) also located in Saskatchewan. These sites of about 33 km x 71 km, covering about two SMOS pixels, were selected in order to test SMOS and UAVSAR data and soil moisture retrievals algorithms over very different soil and vegetation conditions. Both sites

Study sites

- Location of the two study sites

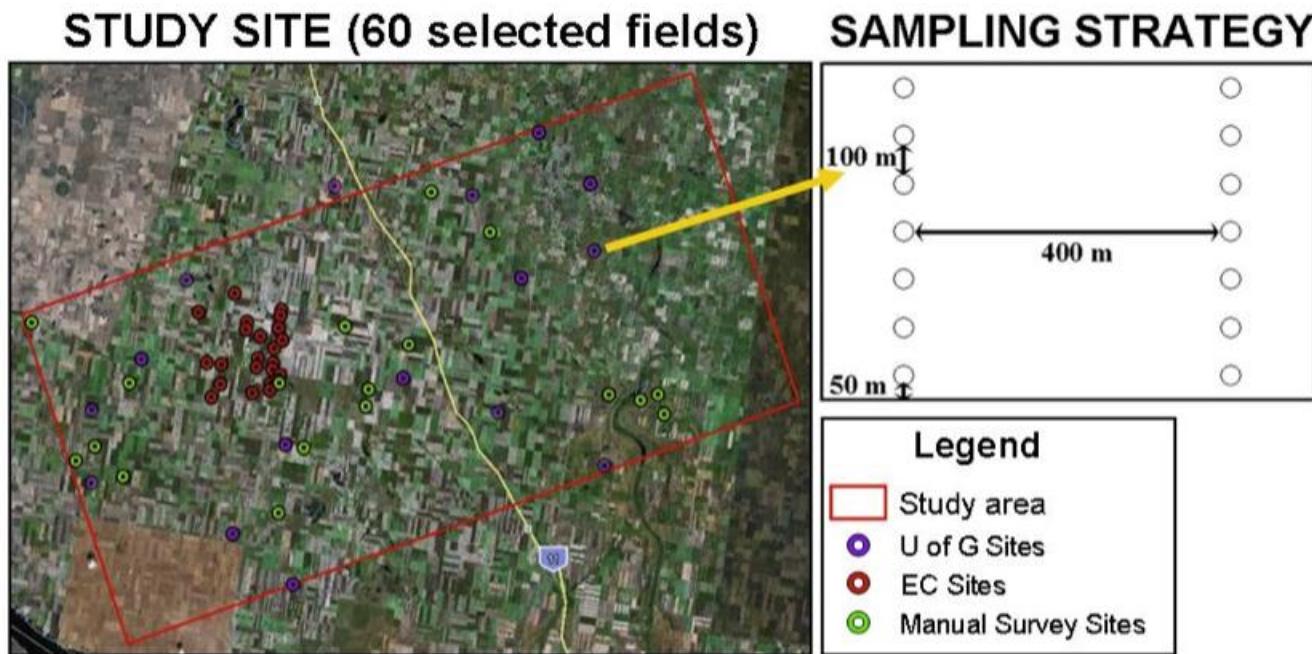


**Boreal Ecosystem Research
and Monitoring Sites (BERMS)**
~ 33 x 71 km²

Kenaston agricultural site
~ 33 x 71 km²

Kenaston site

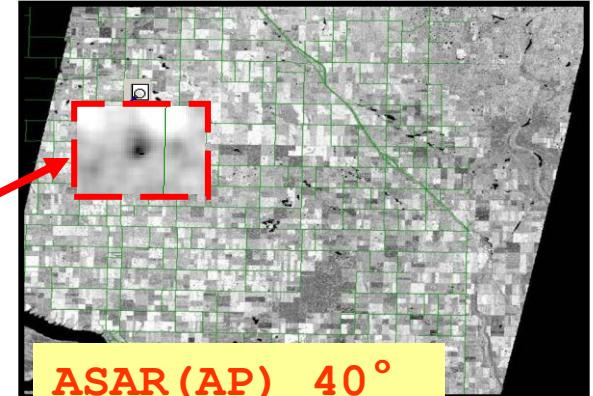
- Soil moisture sampling fields



- Networks
 - 24 EC fields**
 - 16 U of Guelph fields**
 - 20 manual survey fields**

Kenaston Site

- Standing water during CanEx-SM10

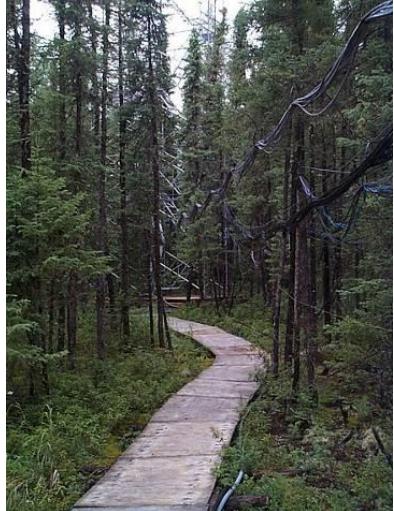


Field L5: NE 01-29-05

Issue to consider in data analysis and algorithms development

BERMS Study site

- Pictures



OBS



OJP



FEN



H75

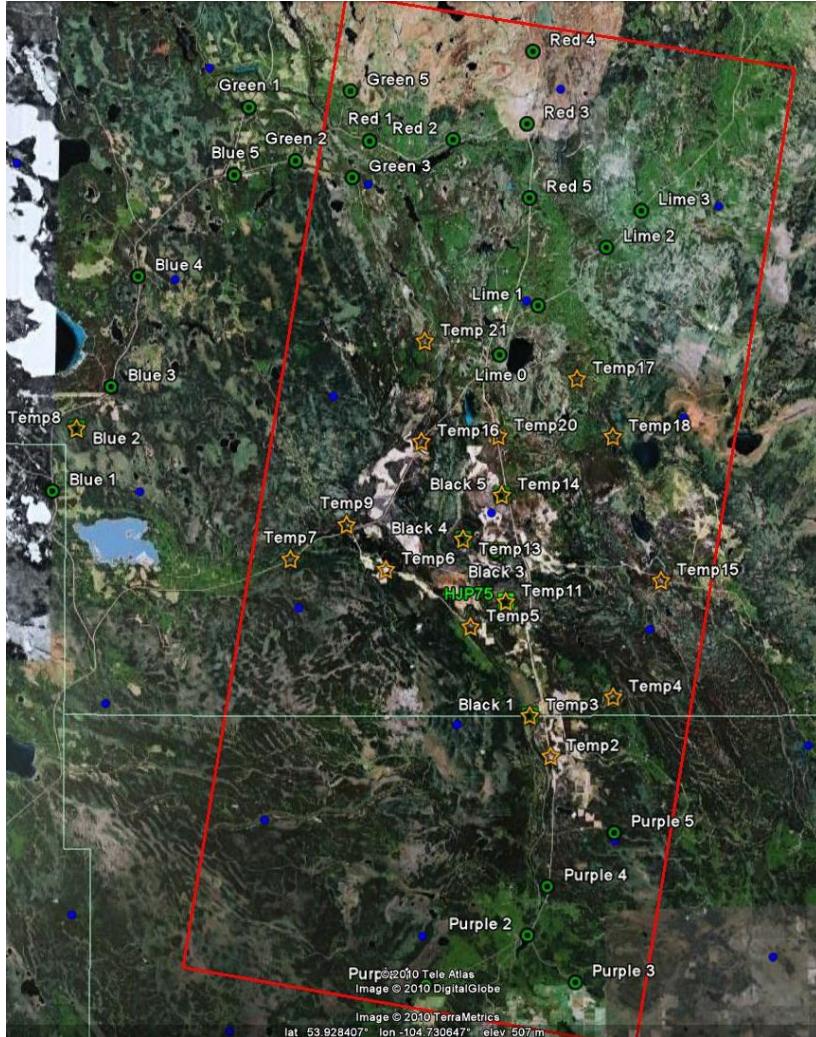


H02



BERMS site

- Soil moisture sampling sites



- Networks
 - BERMS Temporary Network (20)
 - EC Network (6)
- Ground Team Sampling (35)

Data acquisition

- Calendar of ground, airborne, and satellite measurements

Measurements	Sites	Kenaston													BERMS	
		June 2010	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	16
Ground Data Collection		-	✓	-	-	✓	✓	✓*	-	✓	-	-	-	✓	✓	✓
Satellite	SMOS	✓✓	✓	✓✓	-	✓✓	-	✓	✓✓	-	✓✓	✓	✓	✓✓	-	✓✓
	AMSR-E	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓
	RADARSAT-2	✓✓	✓	-	-	✓✓	-	-	✓✓	-	-	✓	✓	-	-	-
	ASAR	-	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	-	✓✓	-	-	✓	-	✓
	ALOS-PALSAR	-	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	-	✓	-	-	-	-	✓	-
Airborne	Twin Otter and UAVSAR	-	✓	-	-	✓	✓	✓*	-	✓	-	-	-	✓	✓	✓

✓: one acquisition per day

✓✓: two acquisitions (ascending and descending) per day

✓*: Partial coverage due to rain event

Summary of CanEx-SM10 datasets (1)

Datasets	Description	Contact	Processing
Satellite acquisitions			
Passive microwave	SMOS (L1B, L2) AMSR-E (TB and SM)	Ramata Magagi	
Radar	RADARSAT-2 (FQ, Std, wide)	Heather Mcnairn	
Optical	SPOT, MODIS	Heather Mcnairn, Tom Jackson	
Airborne measurements			
Twin Otter	Radiometer TBH, TBV 1.4 GHz at 40° and 6.9, 19, 37, and 89 GHz at 55°	Anne Walker Environment Canada	100 %
	Landsat simulator 457-521 nm 523-595 nm 630-687 nm 762-897 nm		
	Infra red Ts		
UAVSAR*	Radar Sigma0 1.26 GHz HH, HV, VH, VV 25-65°	Tom Jackson USDA	

*<http://uavstar.jpl.nasa.gov/>

Summary of CanEx-SM10 datasets (2)

Datasets	Description	Contact	Processing
Ground Networks - Agricultural site			
Kenaston intensive network (10 km)	Soil moisture and temperature profiles at 0-6, 5, 25 and 50 cm depths	Brenda Toth, Environment Canada	100 %
Kenaston extensive network (40 km)	Soil moisture and temperature profiles at 0-6, 5, 25 and 50 cm depths	Aaron Berg, University of Guelph	100 %
Ground Networks - Forested site			
BERMS permanent network	Meteorological data and soil moisture profiles for 2010 <u>5 sites</u> : 0 – 15, 15 – 30, ... cm depths and <u>1 site</u> : 2.5 cm, 7.5 cm ...depths	Anne Walker, Environment Canada	100 %
BERMS temporary network	Soil moisture at 5 cm depth	Mike Cosh, Tom Jackson, USDA	100 %

Summary of CanEx-SM10 datasets (3)

Datasets	Description	Contact	Processing
Ground data collection – Kenaston agricultural site			
Soil	Dielectric constant and temperature at 0-6 cm depth	Aaron Berg, Brenda Toth, Ramata Magagi	100 %
	Gravimetric measurements for hydra-probe calibration and soil texture and bulk density derivation)		100 %
	Surface and sub-surface temperatures (0, 5 and 10 cm depths)		100 %
	Roughness parameters (standard height and correlation length)	Ramata Magagi	100 %
Vegetation	Water content, biomass, LAI, crop structures (height, leaf, stem and stalk sizes, angles, density, etc.), crop reflectance (CROPSCAN), etc.	Aaron Berg, Brenda Toth, Heather Mcnairn, Peggy O'neill	100 %

Summary of CanEx-SM10 datasets (4)

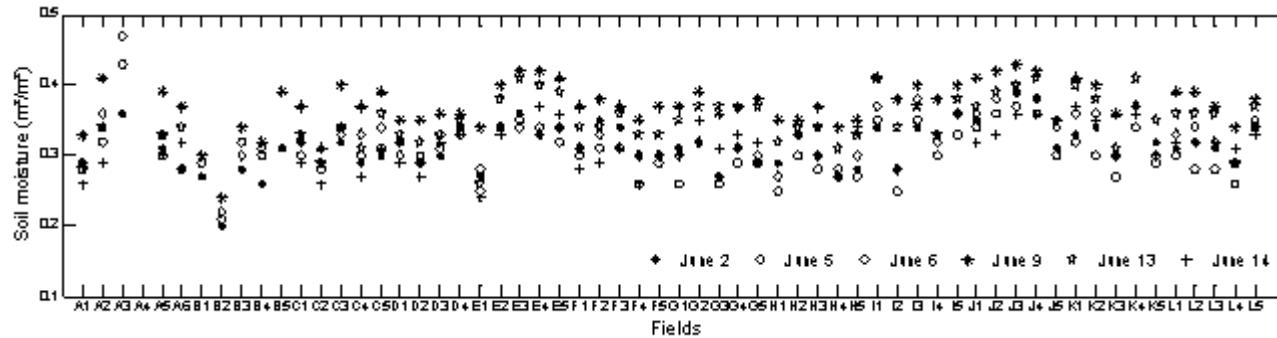
Datasets	Description	Contact	Processing
Ground data collection – BERMS forested site			
Soil	Dielectric constant and temperature at 0-6 cm depth	Aaron Berg, Brenda Toth Ramata Magagi	100 %
	Gravimetric measurements at the temporary sites		100 %
	Surface and sub-surface temperatures (0, 5 and 10 cm depths)		100 %
Vegetation	Species identification, tree characteristics (DBH, height, crown fractional cover, stem density, and branch measurements), understory characteristics	Mahta Moghaddam, University of Southern California	100 %
	Litter depth, Soil and organic weights	Aaron Berg, Brenda Toth	

Summary of CanEx-SM10 datasets (5)

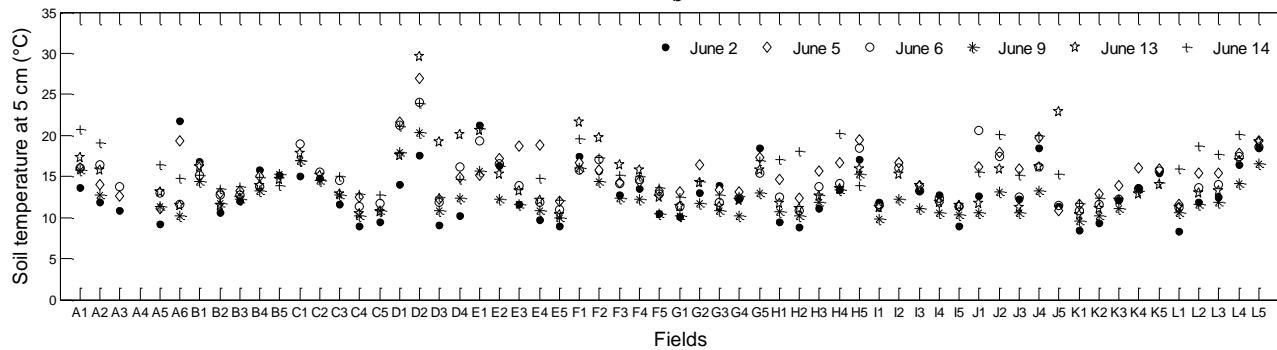
Datasets	Description	Contact	Processing
Ancillary data			
Annual crop maps	NDVI, LAI, Land cover map of the entire Canadian Prairie	Brenda Toth, Environment Canada	100 %
Field description	Tillage, residue, etc.	Aaron Berg, University of Guelph	100 %

Soil characteristics

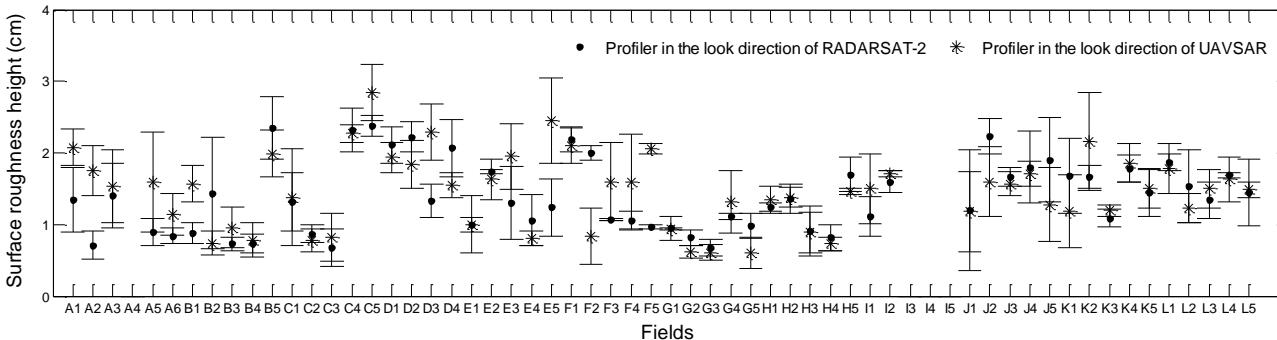
- Kenaston



6-cm Soil moisture



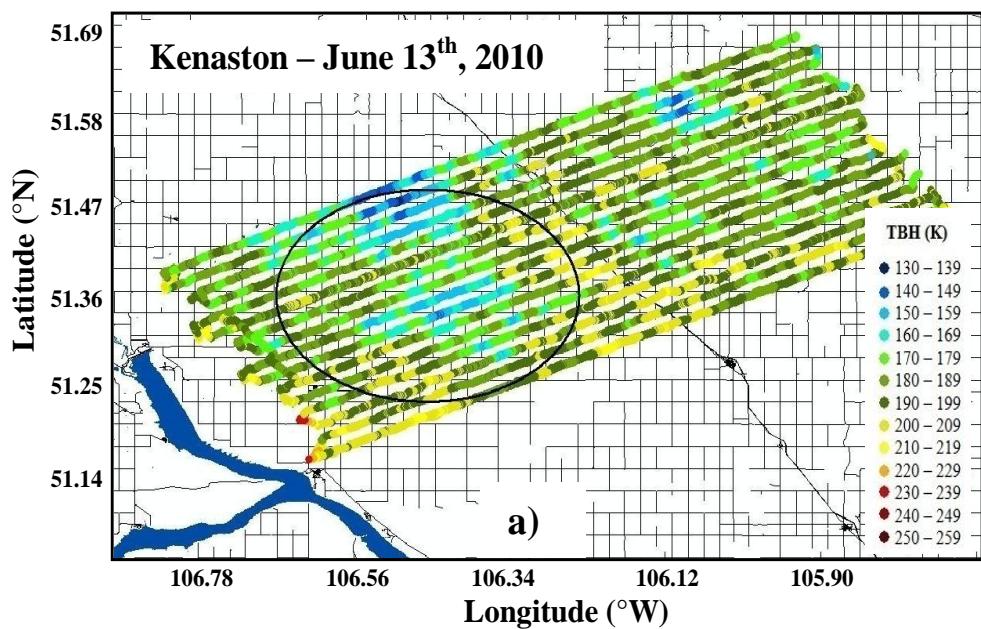
5-cm soil temperature



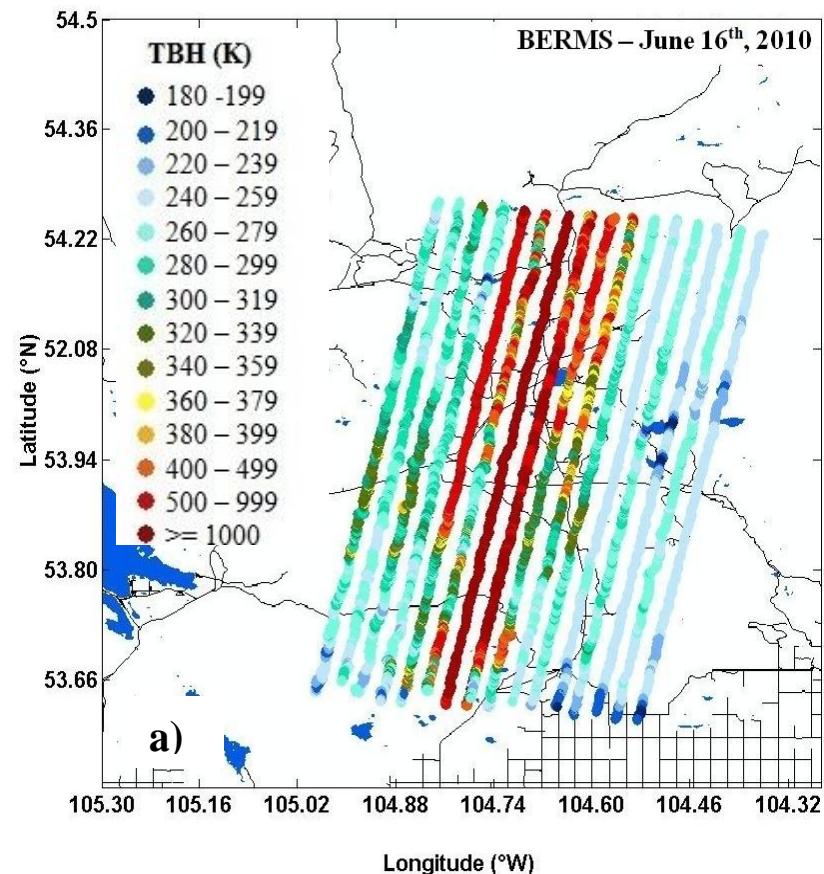
Surface roughness height

L-Band airborne radiometer data

- Kenaston



BERMS

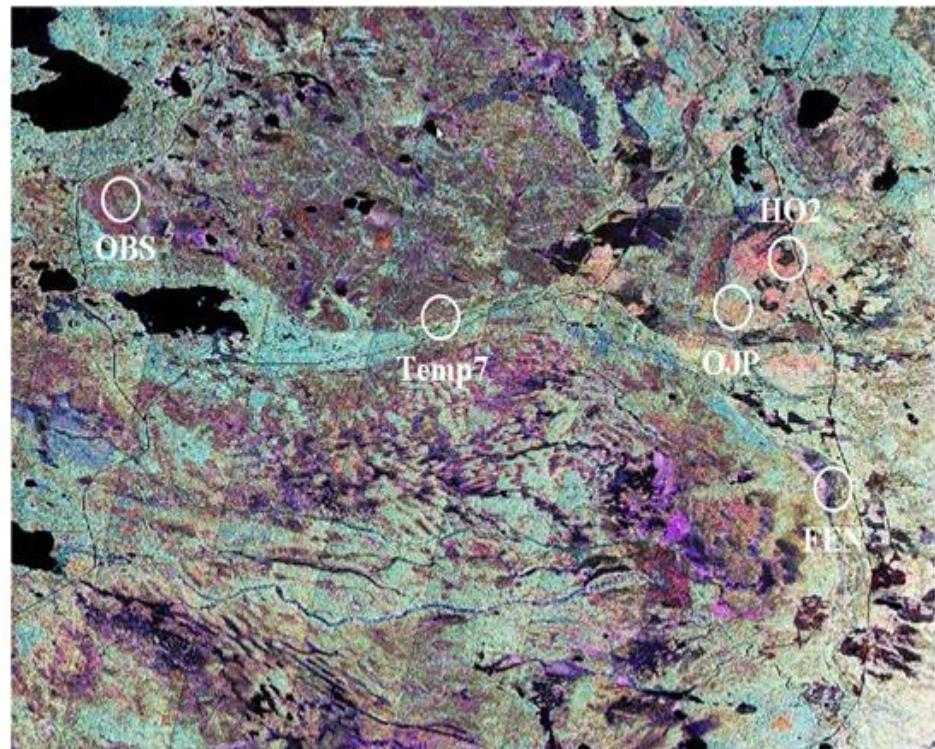
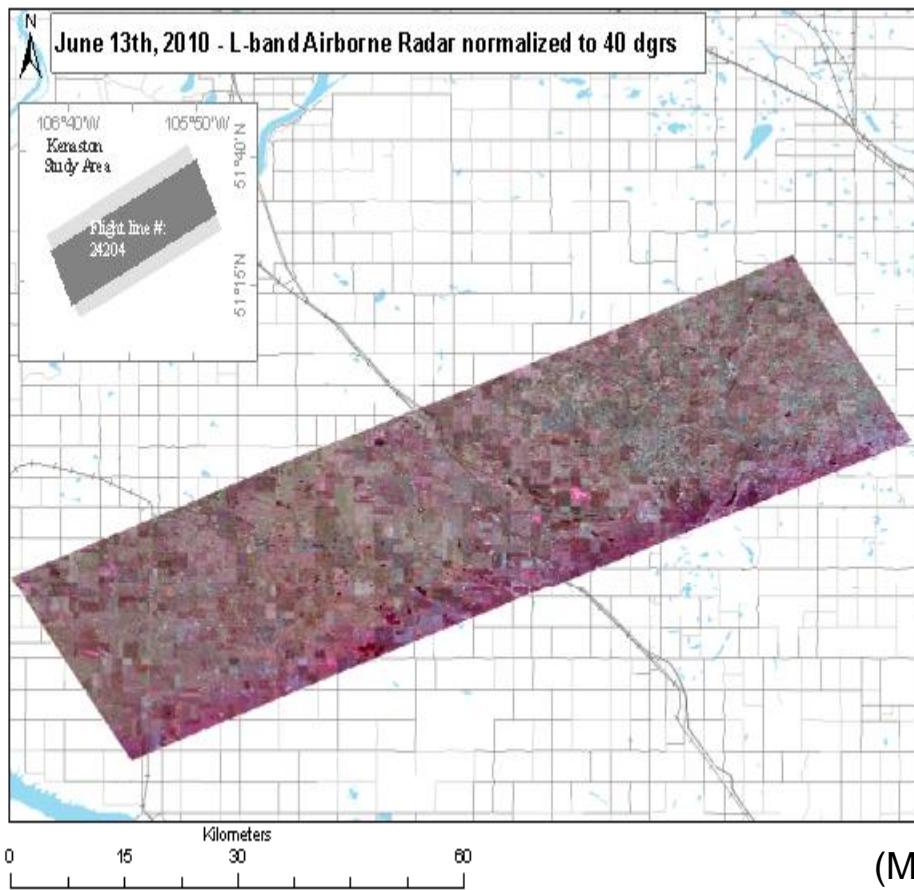


L-Band airborne radar data

- Kenaston

BERMS

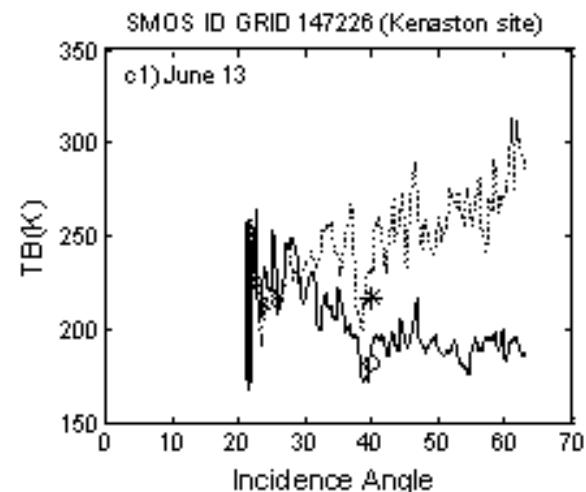
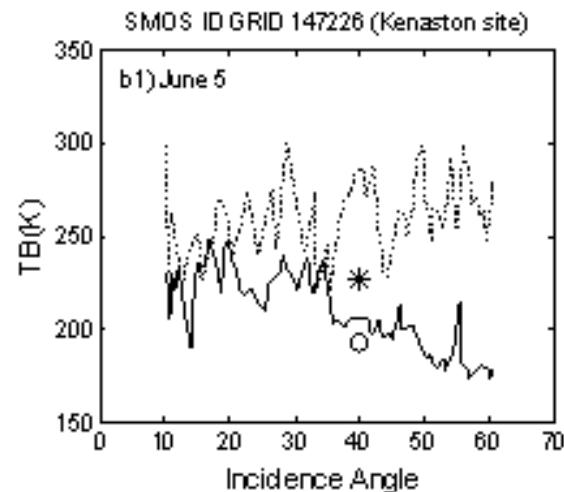
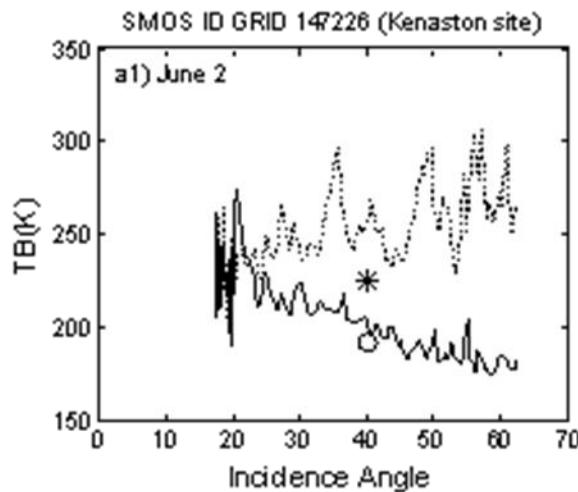
HH-HV-VV



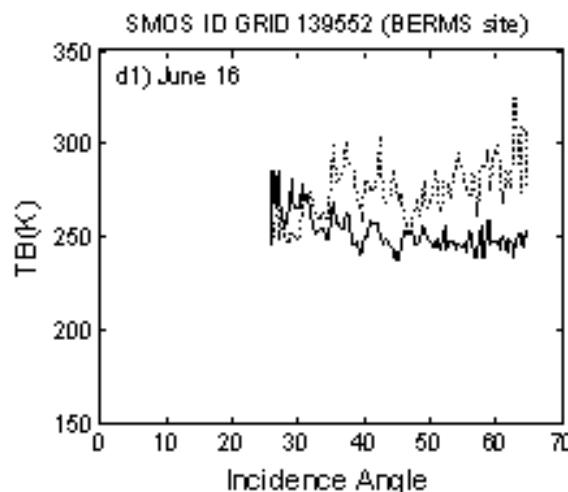
(Magagi et al., 2013)

Comparing SMOS and airborne data

- Over Kenaston

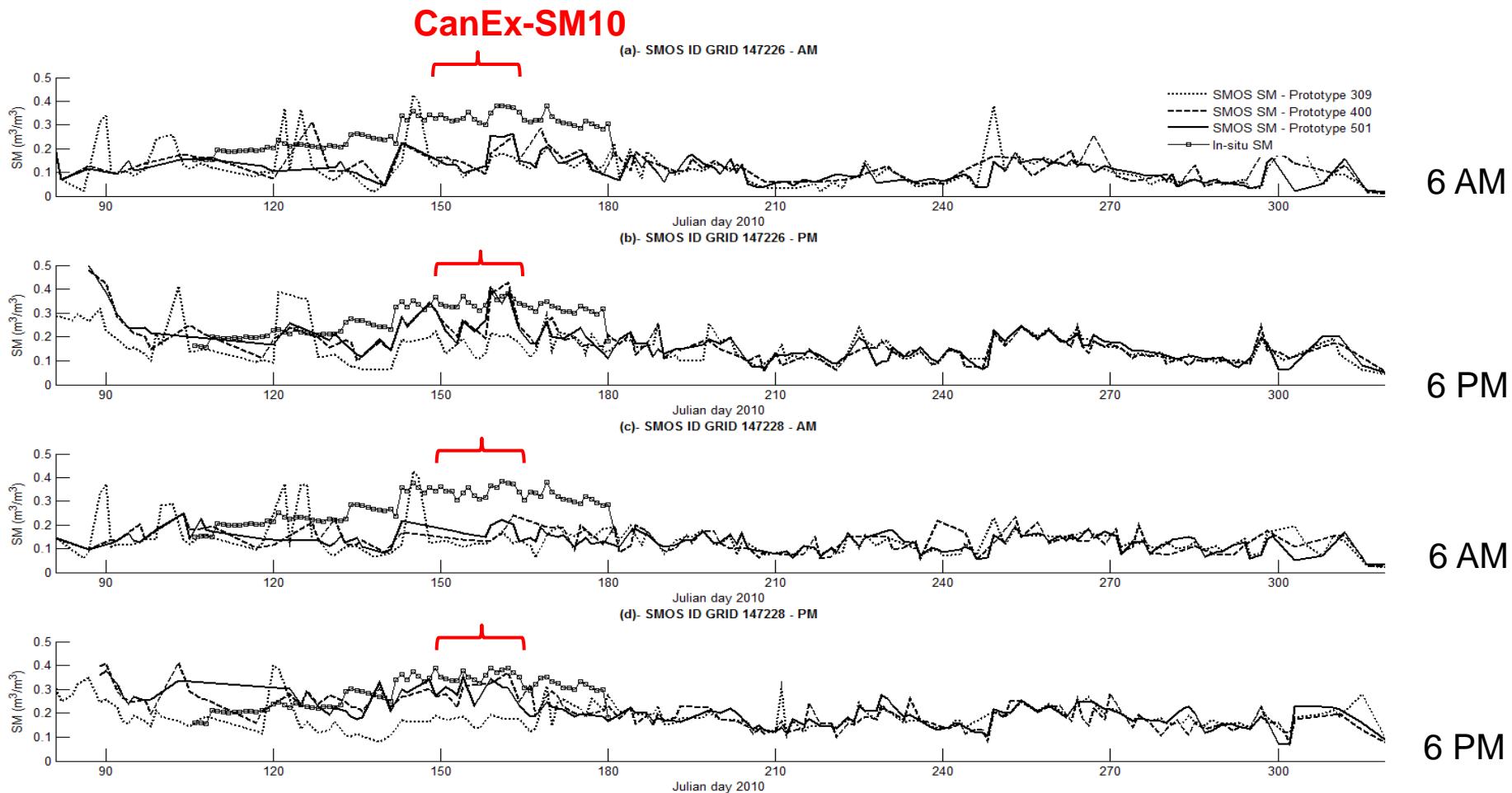


- Over BERMS



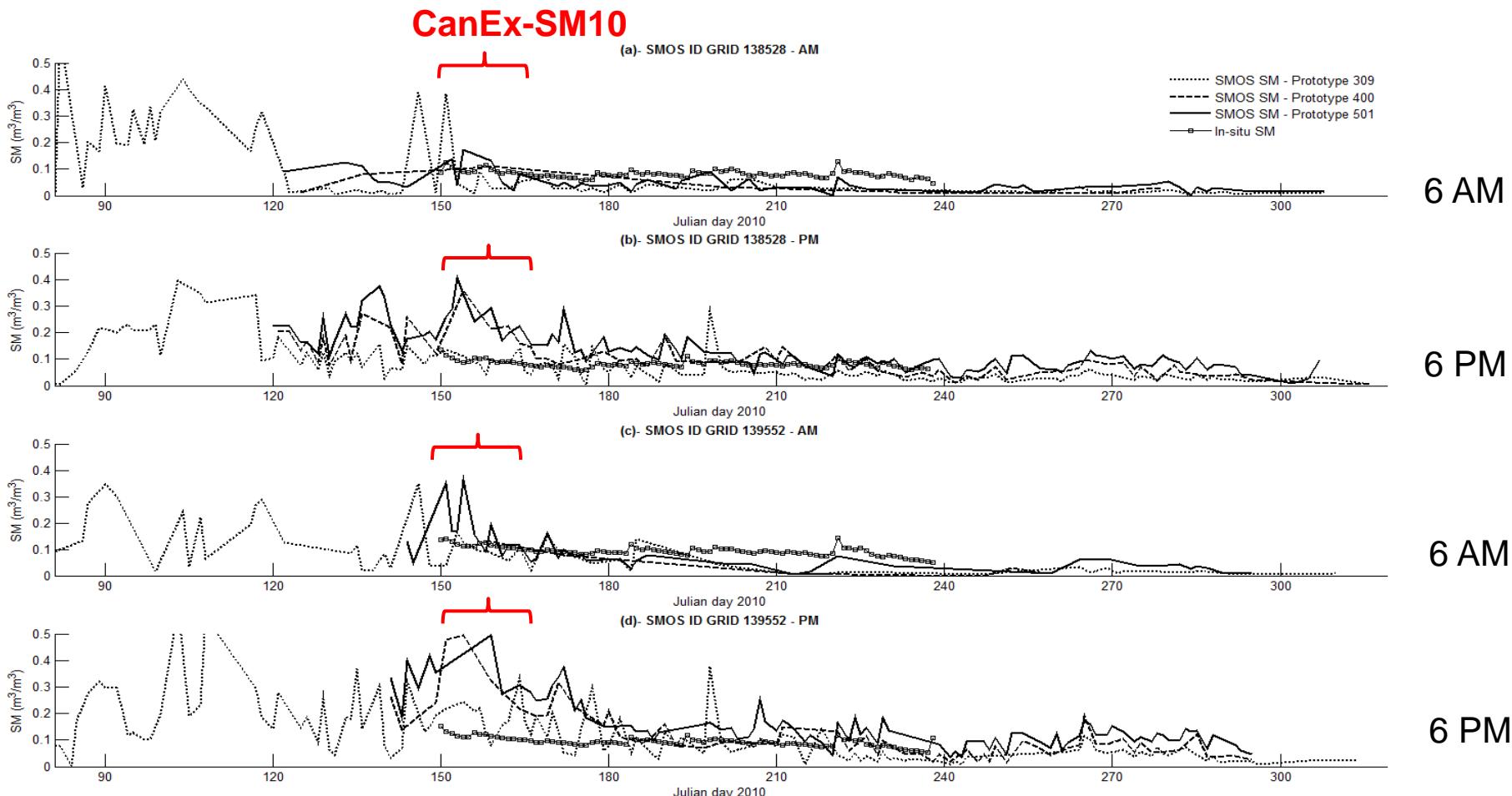
Comparing SMOS L2 products and ground data (networks and sampling)

- Kenaston



Comparing SMOS L2 products and ground data (temporary network)

- BERMS



(Djamaï et al., submitted)

Conclusion

- Data sets available on
<http://pages.usherbrooke.ca/canexsm10/intranet.php> and released to public in the summer of 2012
- Connexion with International soil moisture network (ISMN)
- Datasets used conjointly with those of SMAPVEX12
(<http://pages.usherbrooke.ca/smapvex12/>) for research and the training of HQP.

Thanks!

- **Financial partners (NSERC, EC, CSA, AAFC, NASA, USDA,)**
- **All the participants to CanEx-SM10**
- **ESA and CESBIO for providing us SMOS data**

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