Alaska Land Management and An Introduction to the North Slope Science Initiative

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- North Slope Science Initiative (NSSI) Mission and Vision
- Summarize Emerging Issues as identified by NSSI Science Technical Advisory Panel (STAP)
- Summarize NSSI Land Cover Initiative
- NSSI Long-Term Monitoring Definition Study
- Use of SMAP and ICESat-2 products to support NSSI activities and initiatives
- Concluding Remarks





- NSSI is an intergovernmental effort to increase collaboration at the local, state, and federal levels to address the research, inventory, and monitoring needs as they relate to development activities on the North Slope of Alaska
 - Mission To improve scientific and regulatory understanding of terrestrial, aquatic and marine ecosystems for consideration in the context of resource development activities and climate change
- Vision Identify those data and information needs, management agencies and governments will need in the future to develop management scenarios using the best information and mitigation to conserve the environments of the North Slope



NSSI Member and Advisory Agencies



- NSSI Member Agencies (voting privileges):
 - Bureau of Land Management
 - Fish and Wildlife Service
 - National Park Service
 - National Marine Fisheries Service
 - Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation and Enforcement
 - Alaska Department of Natural Resources
 - Alaska Department of Fish and Game
 - Arctic Slope Regional Corporation
 - North Slope Borough

 NSSI Advisory Agencies (no voting privileges):

- U.S. Geological Society
- Department of Energy
- U.S. Arctic Research Commission
- National Weather Service









NSSI Organization: Small & Functional



Oversight Group (OG), Executive Director, Support Staff

Interagency Staff Committee

Science Technical Advisory Panel (STAP)



U.S. Energy Policy Act of 2005, Section 348: NSSI Objectives



- Identify and prioritize information <u>needs</u> to address the individual and cumulative effects of past, ongoing, and anticipated development activities and environmental change
- **Coordinate** ongoing and future inventory, monitoring, and research activities to minimize duplication of effort, share financial resources and expertise, and assure the collection of quality information
- Maintain and improve access to accumulated and ongoing research and contemporary and traditional local knowledge
- **Focus on pressing** resource management **needs**, coordination, and cooperation among agencies and organizations





- Data information access through an agreement with UAF IARC GINA and MTRI
- NSSI Data Catalog and Project Tracking now over 2,000 projects in the U.S. Arctic – 600 on the North Slope and offshore areas and more than 100 monitoring (observing) (<u>http://catalog.northslope.org/</u>)
- Developed water quality & bathymetry remote sensing equipment now deployed by industry on the terrestrial environment (<u>http://tundralakestudies.mtri.org/</u>)
- Terrestrial baseline and change detection mapping (digital)
- Developed "Emerging Issue Summaries" to identify what decision makers need in the next 2, 5, 10, and 20 years to make informed decisions (<u>http://www.northslope.org/issues/</u>)





- 2011 Barrow, AK Workshop to bring together local residents, scientists, and managers to seek common understanding of needs
- Working with Canada to address common needs and share important scientific information between the two countries
- Co-leading with the Kingdom of Denmark on Terrestrial Circumpolar Biodiversity Monitoring Project
- U.S. Delegate to the Arctic Council Ecosystem-Based Management Expert Working Group
- Initiating Scenario Planning for the North Slope and Marine Environments for the next 20-years – relating to human activities and other drivers of change
- Identifying Long-Term Monitoring Projects and current monitoring gaps in relation to Scenario Planning







D.J. Reed, T. Sformo, M. Sturm, J.J. Taylor, T. Viavant, D. Williams and D. Yokel (2011). Environmental Change and Potential Impacts: Applied Research Priorities for Alaska's North Slope. Arctic 64(3)390:397.

11

Summaries



NSSI Emerging Issues



Fire Regime





Species of Interest: **Migratory Birds**



Species of Interest: Caribou



Species of Interest: Marine Mammals and Their Prey



Species of Interest: Fisheries



Social and Economic Dimensions of North **Slope Communities**



Weather and Climate



Increasing Marine Activity



Changing Sea Ice

Conditions



Contaminants





Permafrost



Coastal and Riverine Erosion



Hydrology and Lake

Drying



Coastal Salinization



Emerging Issues: Weather and Climate





- Current data collection *ad hoc*
- Inventory existing stations
- Canvas user needs
- Pool resources to systematically improve network
- Make data accessible



Emerging Issues: Permafrost







- Main issue is active layer, NOT permafrost
- Recognize heterogeneity of soil (especially ice content)
- Existing data insufficient
- Data need to be centralized
- Combining ground and remote sensing data may be promising but needs work
- Start work on threshold conditions at which thawing accelerates



Emerging Issues: Coastal Salinization





- May change vegetation and reduce water availability for ice roads
- Need better understanding of vegetation tolerances
- Not known to have impacted large area
- Do not accept use of saline waters for onshore ice roads





- Objective: use existing land cover datasets and field data, along with new field data campaigns in targeted areas to generate a comprehensive, updated land cover map of the North Slope
- Project Partners: NSSI and Ducks Unlimited
- Status:
 - □ Field data was collected in 2010, 2011, and 2012
 - Land cover maps will be available 2013



Alaska Earth Cover Initiative

North SLOPE SCIENCE INITIATIVE





2010 NSSI Fieldsite Distribution Map



2011 NSSI Change Sampling Field Sites

Barrow

2011 Field Sites (113) 70 mile fuel buffer (Barrow) Eider Triangle and Atqusuk (no sampling areas)

Daily Flight Paths

- 。July 25
- July 26
- July 27



NSSI Long-Term Monitoring Definition Study



- Identify and summarize ongoing long-term monitoring activities on North Slope (activities greater than 10 years or current activities expected to continue for a minimum of 10 years)
- Preliminary project list is available on the NSSI website (<u>http://www.northslope.org/monitoring/</u>)
- Next steps:
 - Identify gaps in current long-term monitoring activities, including the role satellite remote sensing can contribute to the monitoring effort
 - Generate a prioritized list of additional monitoring efforts needed



Potential Utility of SMAP Data to Support NSSI Initiatives



- Applications
 - Launch date 2014
 - Weather forecasting
 - Soil moisture
 - Freeze/thaw cycle
 - Terrestrial water/energy/carbon cycle

Products





Potential Utility of ICESat-2 to Support NSSI Initiatives



- Launch date 2016
- Sea ice statistics (extent and thickness)
- Vegetation heights for biomass estimates (including the capture of shrubification of the North Slope?)
- Changes in topography over time
- Stratospheric clouds in polar regions
- Others





- SMAP datasets can support several Emerging Issues and the long-term monitoring efforts
- Freeze/thaw SMAP product can provide input into ice road construction start date
- SMAP active/passive microwave data could be useful for snow cover estimation
- SMAP/ICESat-2 is useful for generation of sea ice information