The Oklahoma Mesonet ...and Ongoing Collaborative Projects Relevant to SMAP Cal/Val

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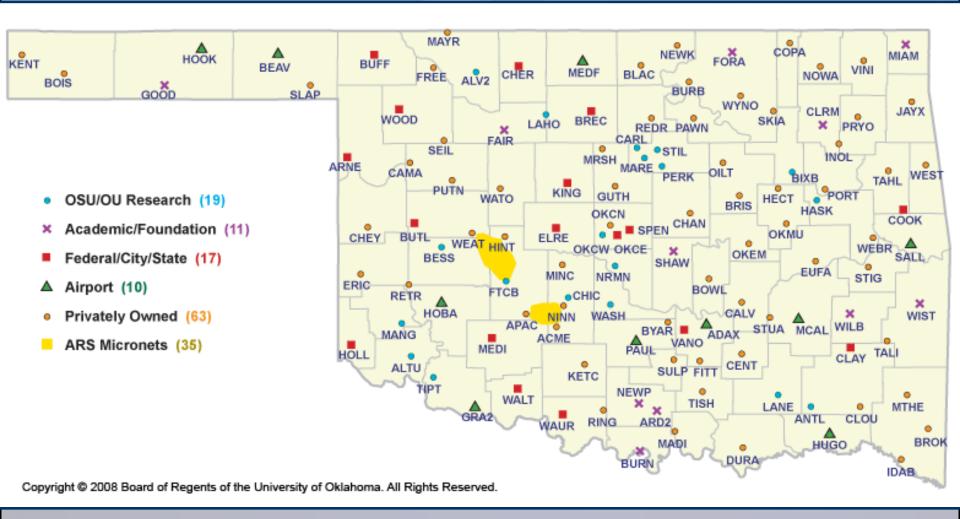
6 November 2013 4th SMAP Cal/Val Workshop Pasadena, CA

The Oklahoma Mesonet

- Weather and climate network of 120 sites covering 181,186 km²
- Commissioned in 1994
- ▶ Joint project between the **Oklahoma State University** and the **University of Oklahoma**.
- Extensive quality assurance is applied to the collected observations (real-time and archived ← → automated and manual)
- Over 5 billion observations archived
- Operational funding supplied by the State of Oklahoma Research funded mainly by grant awards
- Over 500 peer-reviewed publications, over 100 M.S. theses, and over 40 Ph.D. dissertations have used Oklahoma Mesonet data.

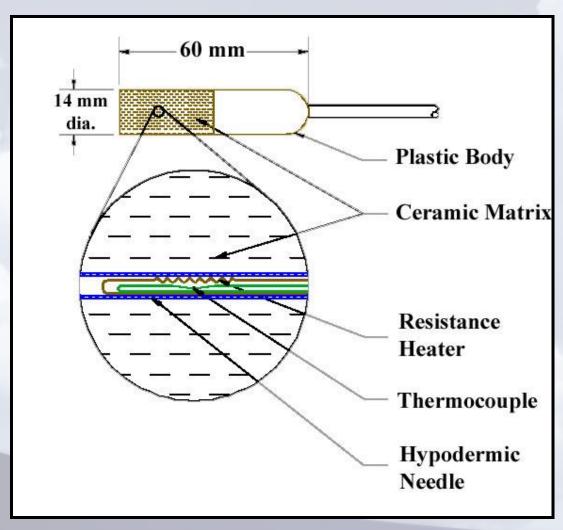


The Oklahoma Mesonet



McPherson, R. A., C. Fiebrich, K. C. Crawford, R. L. Elliott, J. R. Kilby, D. L. Grimsley, J. E. Martinez, J. B. Basara, B. G. Illston, D. A. Morris, K. A. Kloesel, S. J. Stadler, A. D. Melvin, A.J. Sutherland, and H. Shrivastava, 2007: Statewide monitoring of the mesoscale environment: A technical update on the Oklahoma Mesonet. *J. Atmos. Oceanic Tech.*, **24**, **301–321**.

Soil Moisture Instrumentation



- Campbell Scientific 229-L Sensor
- Heat Dissipation Sensor
- Raw measurement is a change in temperature (ΔT) following the introduction of a heat pulse
- Provides relative measures of soil "wetness"
- With soil texture information, soil water content is empirically estimated
- Does not work well in sand

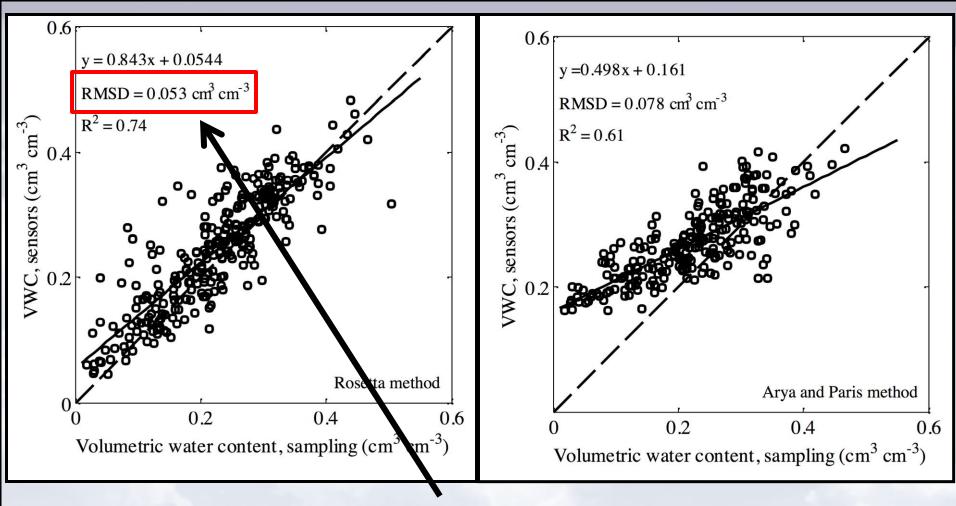
Illston, B.G., J.B. Basara, D.K. Fischer, R.L. Elliott, C. Fiebrich, K.C. Crawford, K. Humes, and E. Hunt, 2008: Mesoscale Monitoring of Soil Moisture Across a Statewide Network. *J. of Atmos. and Oceanic Tech*, **25**, **167-182**.

Oklahoma Mesonet Soil Moisture

- Core Measurement of the Oklahoma Mesonet at 5, 25, and
 60 cm − i.e. fully supported both now and into the future.
- Current technology does not measure Water Content directly – empirical relationships exist and have been improved via collaborative efforts at Oklahoma State University.
- Over 15 years of soil moisture data collected thus far data available in near real time or via archived datasets.
- Coincident metadata available (soil texture, vegetation, bulk density, etc.).

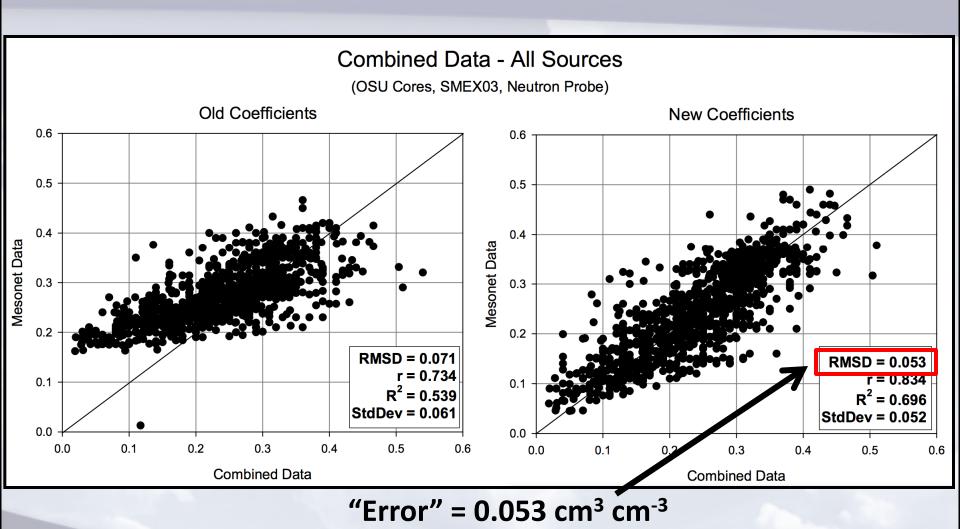
Mesonet Water Content Calibration

- New empirical technique applied to 229-L sensor response (Rosetta) to estimate VWC and compared with original Mesonet method (Arya-Paris).
- Compared with gravimetric samples (OSU soil cores) collected during the empirical analysis as well as gravimetric samples collected at Mesonet site during SMEX03 as well as neutron probe measurements collected at the sites.



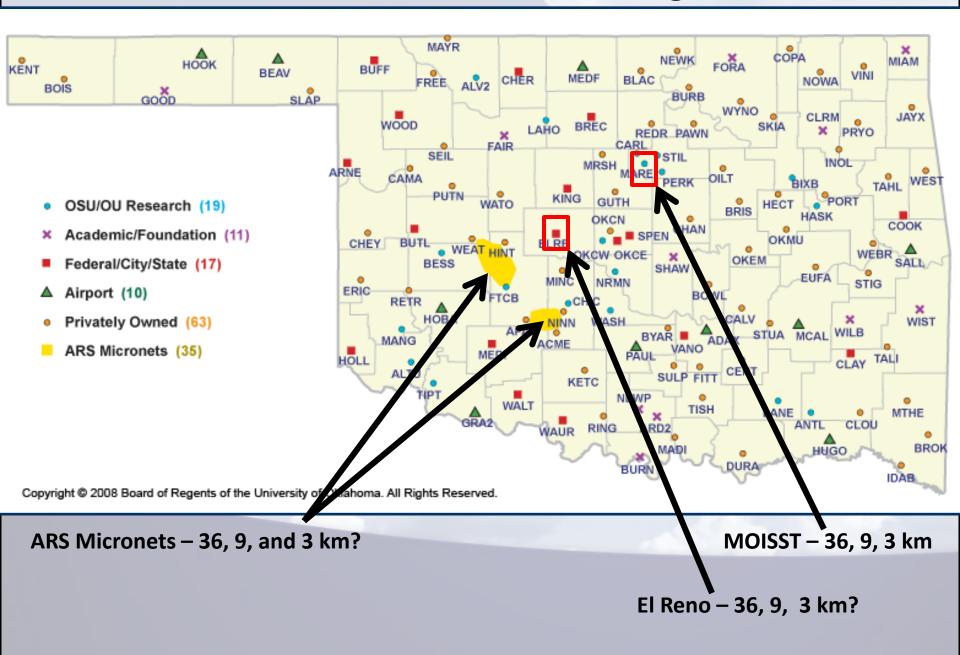
"Error" = $0.053 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

Scott, B., T. Ochsner, B. Illston, C. Fiebrich, J. Basara, and A. Sutherland, 2013: New Soil Database Improves Oklahoma Mesonet Soil Moisture Estimate. *J. of Atmos. and Oceanic Tech*, *in press.*



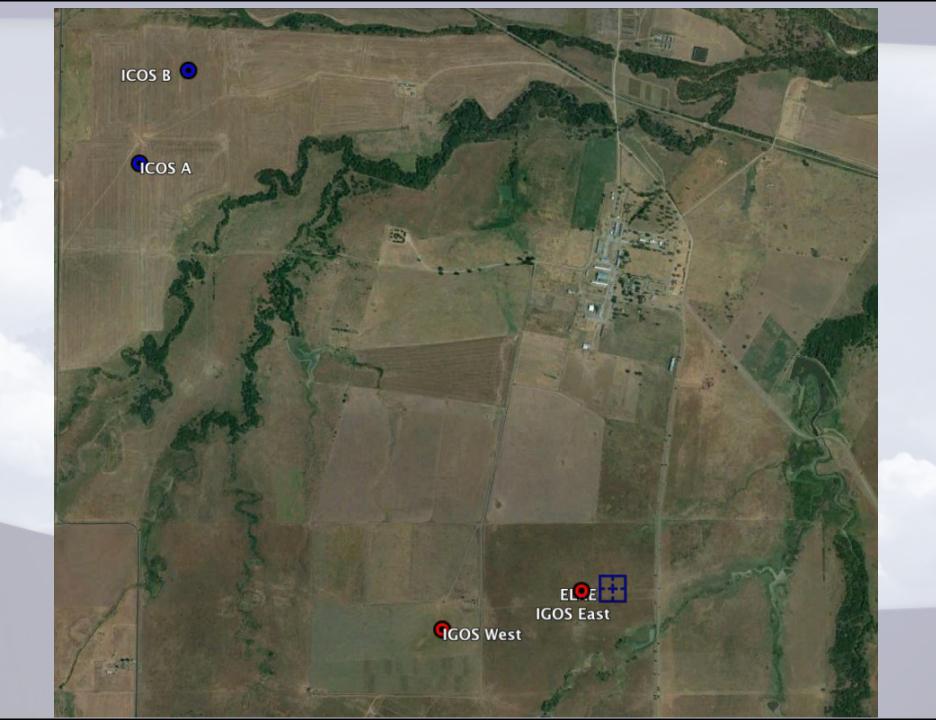
Mesonet Water Content Data – 5 cm observations represents the 0-5 cm SMAP Product

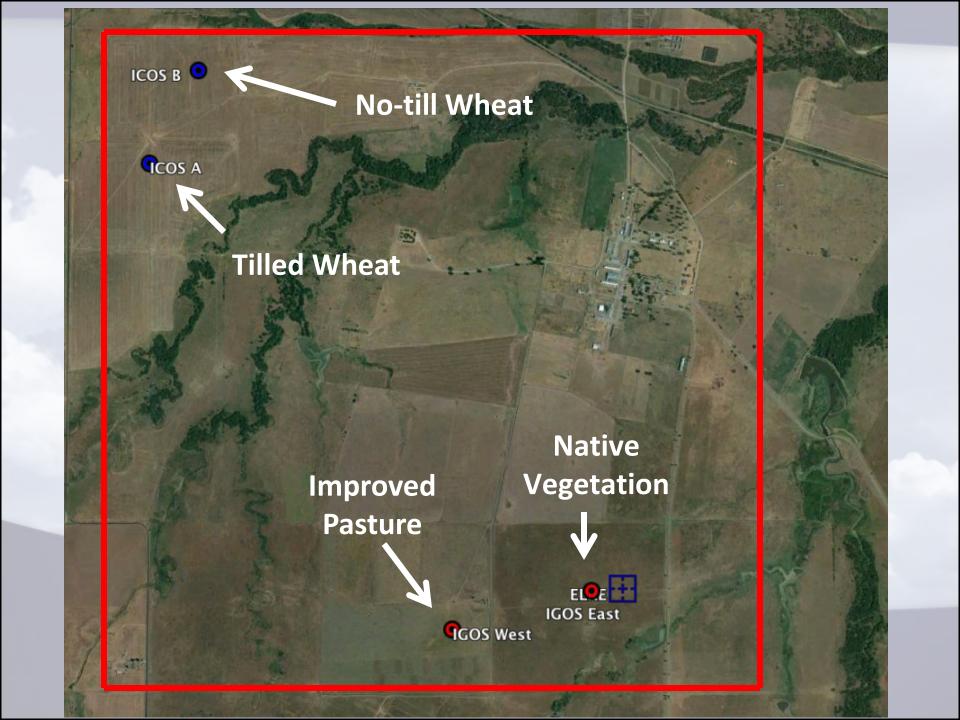
SMAP Cal/Val Sites in the Region



Integrated Grassland/Crop Observing Systems at El Reno – To be completed in 2014













Thoughts Concerning The Use of Oklahoma Mesonet Data for Cal/Val of SMAP Products

- For Validation at Specific Locations, Choose "Representative" Sites Especially for the 36 km spatial scale:
- Gu, Y., E. Hunt, B. Wardlow, J. B. Basara, J. F. Brown, and J. P. Verdin, 2008: Evaluation and validation of MODIS NDVI and NDWI for vegetation drought monitoring using Oklahoma Mesonet soil moisture data. *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 35, L22401, doi:10.1029/2008GL035772.
- ▶ Utilize Selected/Enhanced sites including MARE/MOISST and ELRE to address scaling and scaling representativeness challenges/issues.
- ▶ Conduct field campaigns at ELRE and MARE during planned IOPS related to the project needs and SMAP needs.



Questions?

